

Unit -8

Metabolism

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Metabolism



* Metabolism of carbohydrates -

* Definition →

• Glucose is most important carbohydrate for E/

* Major pathways of carbohydrate metabolism →

1) Glycolysis.

2) Citric Acid cycle (TCA cycle).

Biochemistry II D Pharm 2nd Year

Unit 8

Metabolism

* Metabolism of carbohydrates -

* Definition →

- carbohydrate metabolism are means various biochemical processes either in living organisms or carbohydrates or formation, breakdown and inter-conversion or responsible either in

- Glucose is most important carbohydrate either in

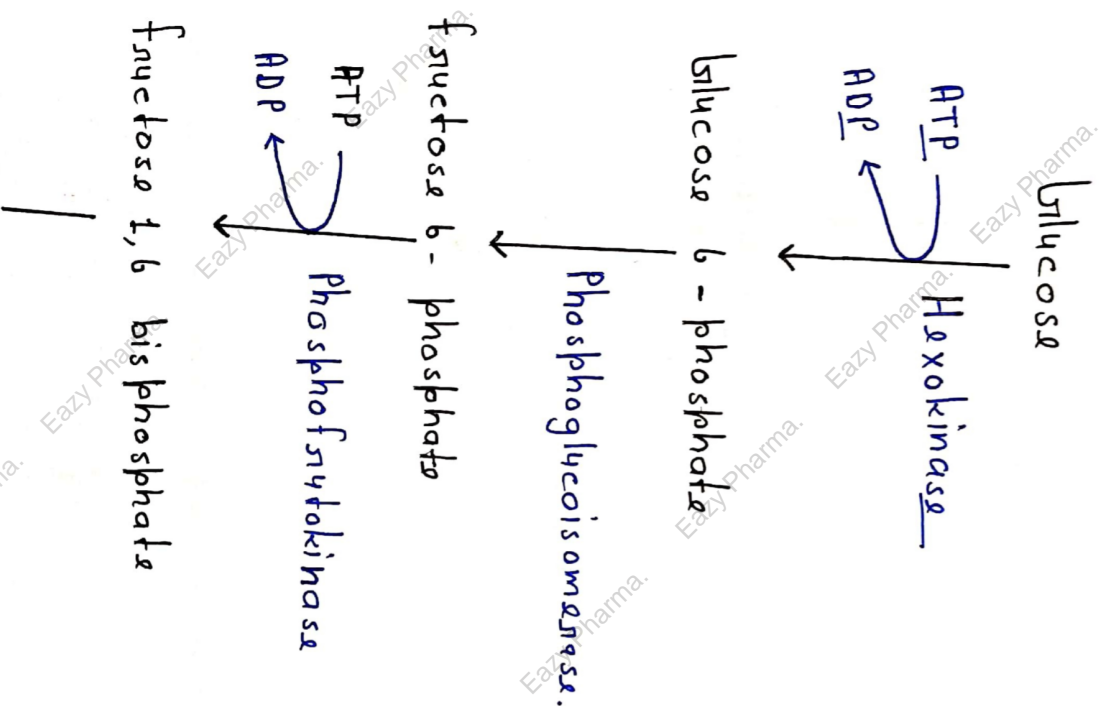
* Major Pathways of carbohydrate metabolism →

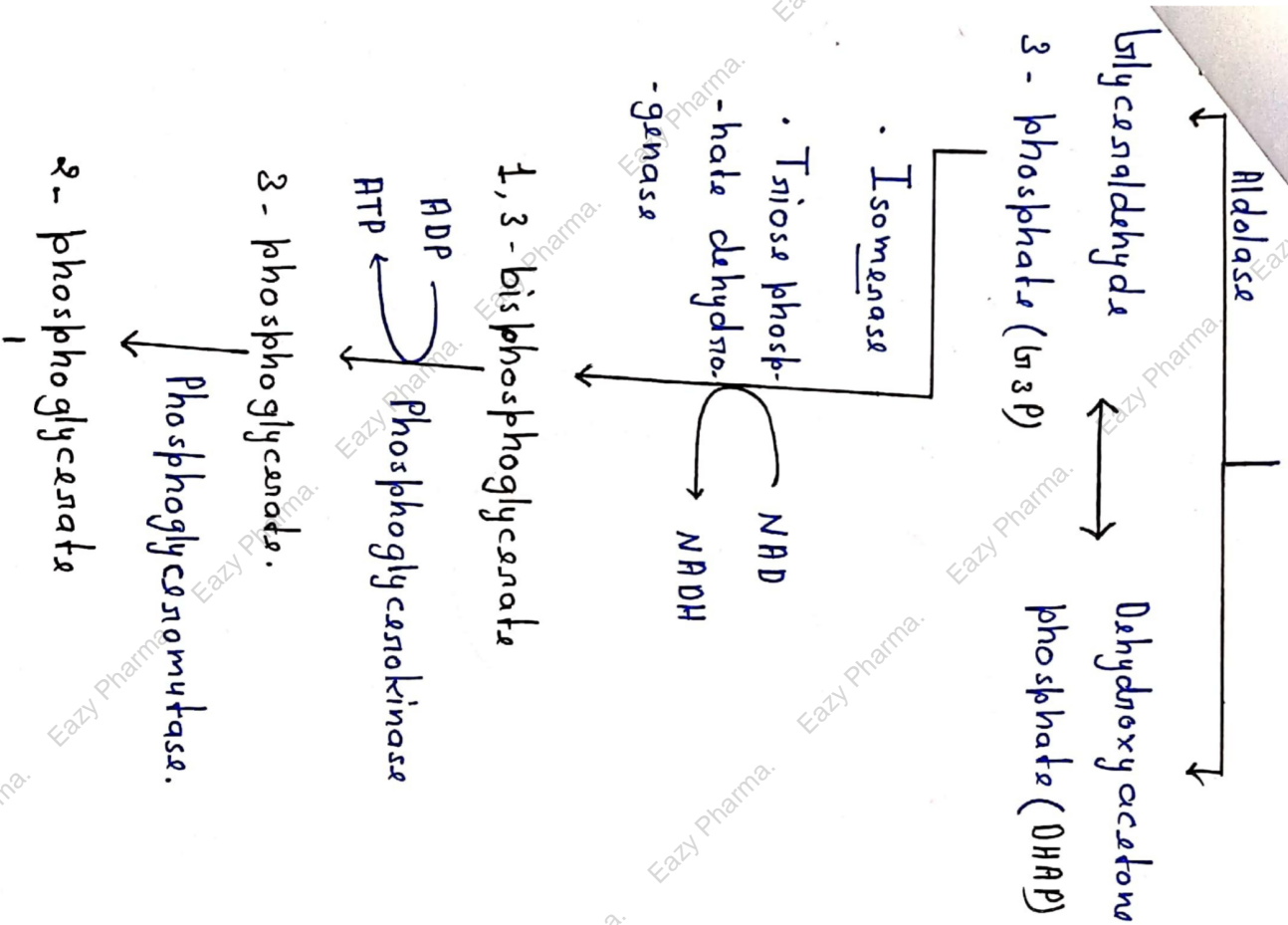
- 1) Glycolysis.
- 2) Citric Acid cycle (TCA cycle).
- 3) Glycogenesis.
- 4) Glycogenolysis.
- 5) Gluconeogenesis.
- 6) Uronic Acid Pathway.
- 7) Direct oxidative pathway.

Glycolysis →

- Glycolysis is an important pathway for carbohydrate metabolism in all living cells in cytosol (cytoplasm) in all Eukaryotes.
- Enzymes of glycolysis pathway are involved either in living cells or cytosol in prokaryotes.
- ATP balance is very important for Eukaryotes.

* Pathway →



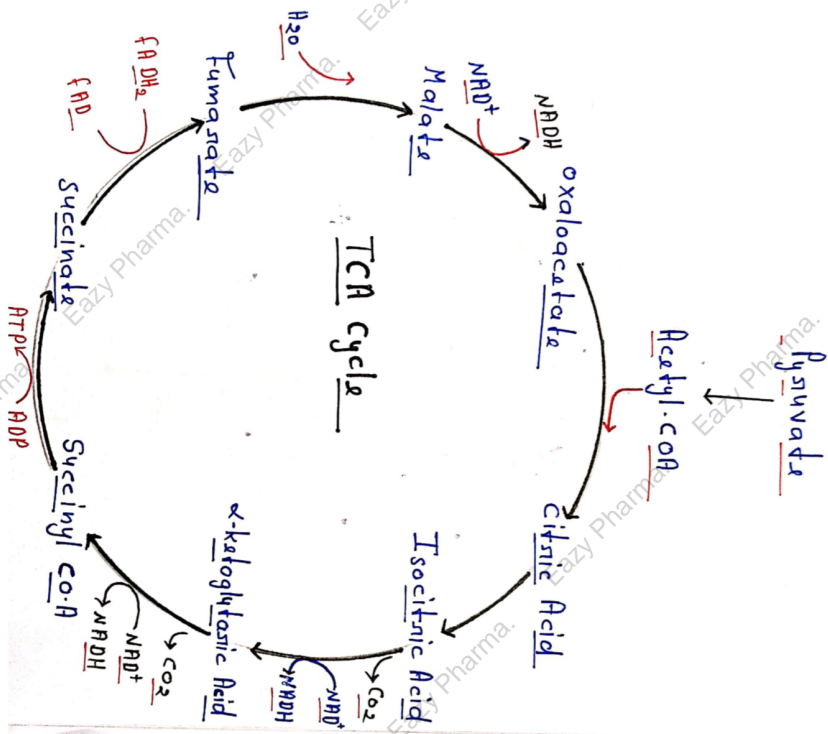


3) Tricarboxylic Acid (TCA)
cycle →

- seth krebs cycle and citric acid cycle are one of the
- y-est aerobic process and
- z and in eukaryotes

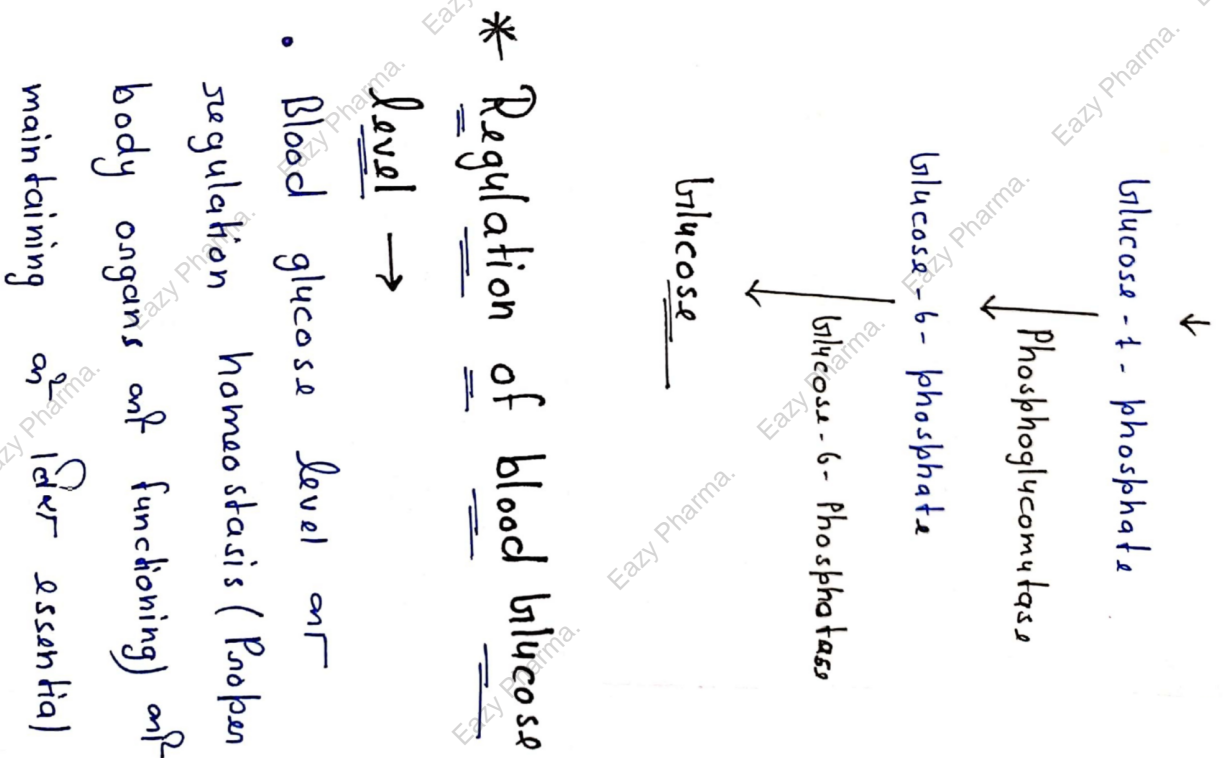
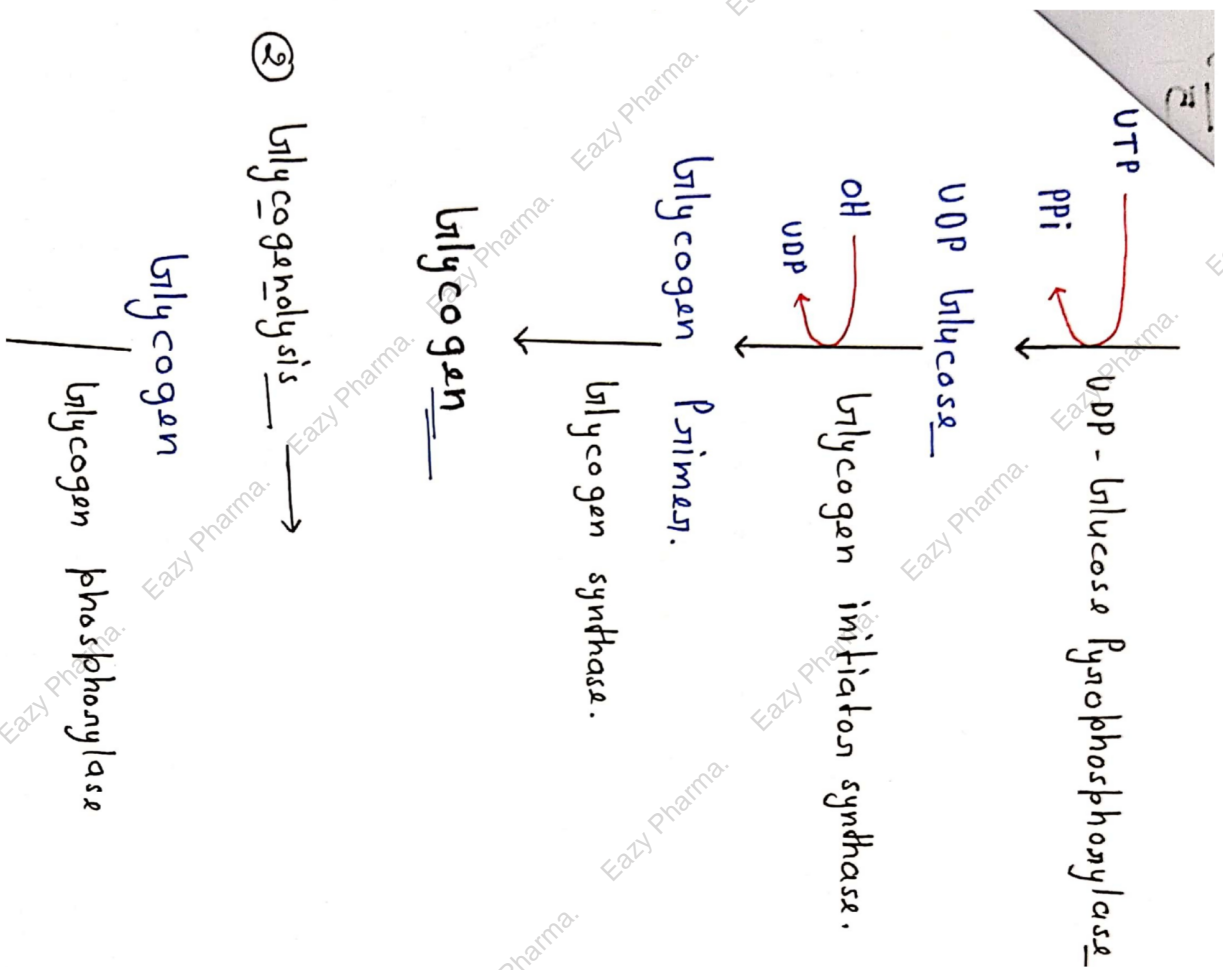
Occurs in mitochondrial matrix.

- Glycolysis and product pyruvate active transport of gl^- mitochondria H^+ enters and NAD^+ and Acetyl Co-A H^+ converted e^- NAD^+ e^-



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எய்டர் ஐ/

- Normal blood glucose —
- Random blood sugar → 70 to 140 mg/dl.
- fasting state → 70 to 110 mg/dl.
- Postprandial → up to 140 mg/dl.
- Blood glucose level two hormones
ஆல் எய்டர் regulated இயர் மய்டர் ஐ/
அய்யல் pancreas ஆல் எய்டர் secreted
எய்டர் ஐ -

① Insulin →

- Pancreas ஆல் எய்டர் secreted எய்டர் ஐ/
- Insulin ஆர் secretion, blood glucose

High
ஆர் concentration ஆல் எய்டர்
increase எய்டர் மய்டர் ஐ/

② Glucagon →

- Glucagon pancreas ஆர்
α-cells ஆல் எய்டர் secreted
எய்டர் ஐ/
- Glucose ஆர் low level in
blood. glucagon ஆர் secretion
increase ஆர் மய்டர் ஐ/

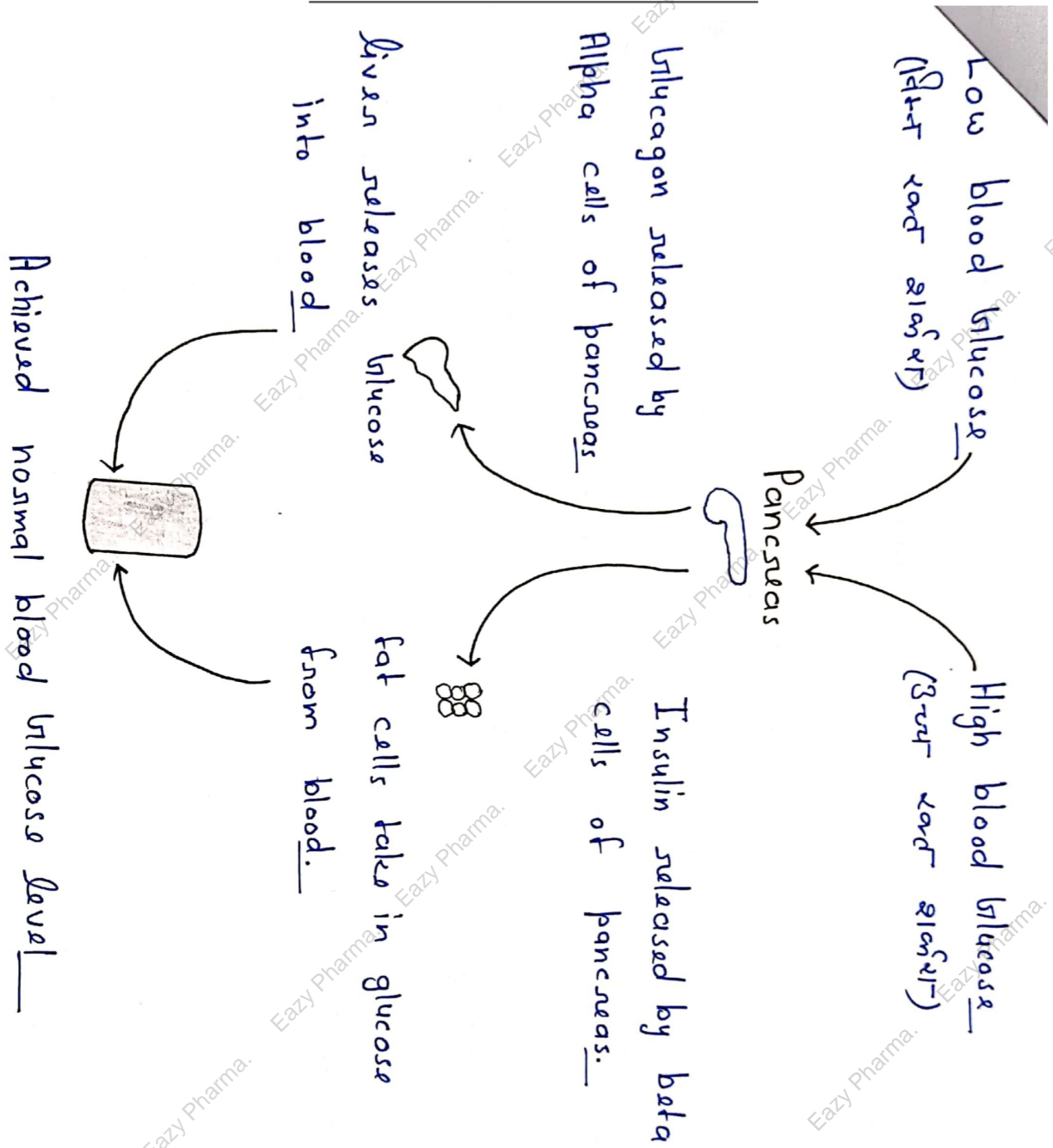


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* Diseases Related to Abnormal Metabolism of carbohydrates →

① Diabetes mellitus →

* Definition →

- Diabetes mellitus is a metabolic disorder in which Insulin secretion and action both are defective in the body.

* cause →

- carbohydrates are abnormal metabolism.

* symptoms →

- Sugar in the urine
- Excessive hunger.
- weight loss. in the body
- fatigue (weakness)
- Blurred vision in the eye
- etc.....

② Galactosaemia →

* Definition →

- Galactosaemia is a genetic disorder in which

- Galactosaemia means (Blood in which) galactose are

high level एँर है)

* cause →

same

* symptoms →

- Alpelbite loss एँर/
- liver damage एँर/
- Abnormal bleeding एँर/
- weight loss एँर/
- Jaundice एँर/
- etc.....

③ GSD (glycogen storage diseases) -

* Definition →

• glycogen some enzymes

on एँर- glucose में एँर- एँर

• एँर- में blocked एँर है एँर
liver में glycogen एँर एँर
एँर है and GSD developed
एँर एँर है

* cause →

same

* symptoms →

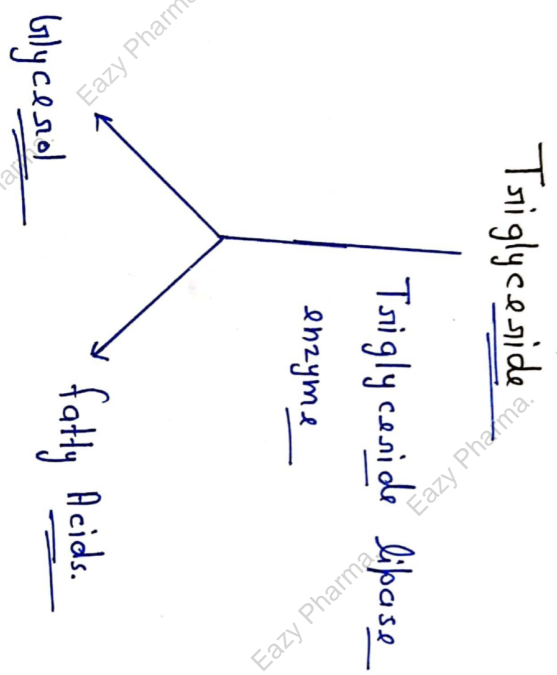
- poor weight gain एँर/
- muscle weakness एँर/
- etc....

Metabolism of Lipids

* Introduction →

- Lipids are formation and breakdown lipid metabolism are called by
 - The fatty acids are oxidation involved are energy and produce are
 - Triglycerides lipids are total (80 to 90%) are
- * Lipolysis →
- The triglycerides are hydrolysis are

The release of glycerol and fatty acids in the adipose tissue are



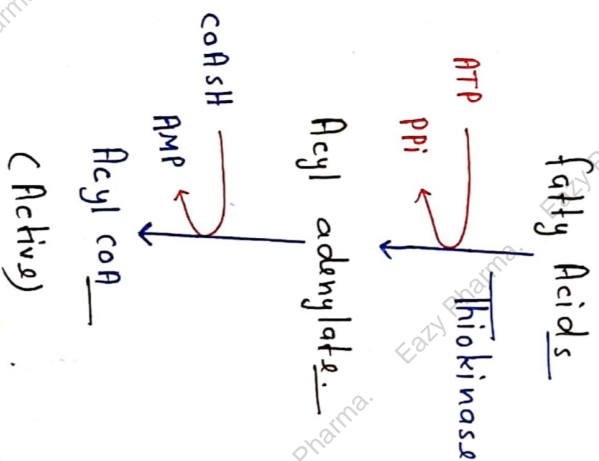
* β -oxidation of fatty Acids \rightarrow

• β -oxidation of fatty acids is a process that produces energy from fatty acids.

* stages \rightarrow

- ① Activation of fatty acids. in the cytosol.
- ② Transport of Activated fatty acids into mitochondria.
- ③ β -oxidation proper in the mitochondrial matrix.

① Activation of fatty Acids \rightarrow

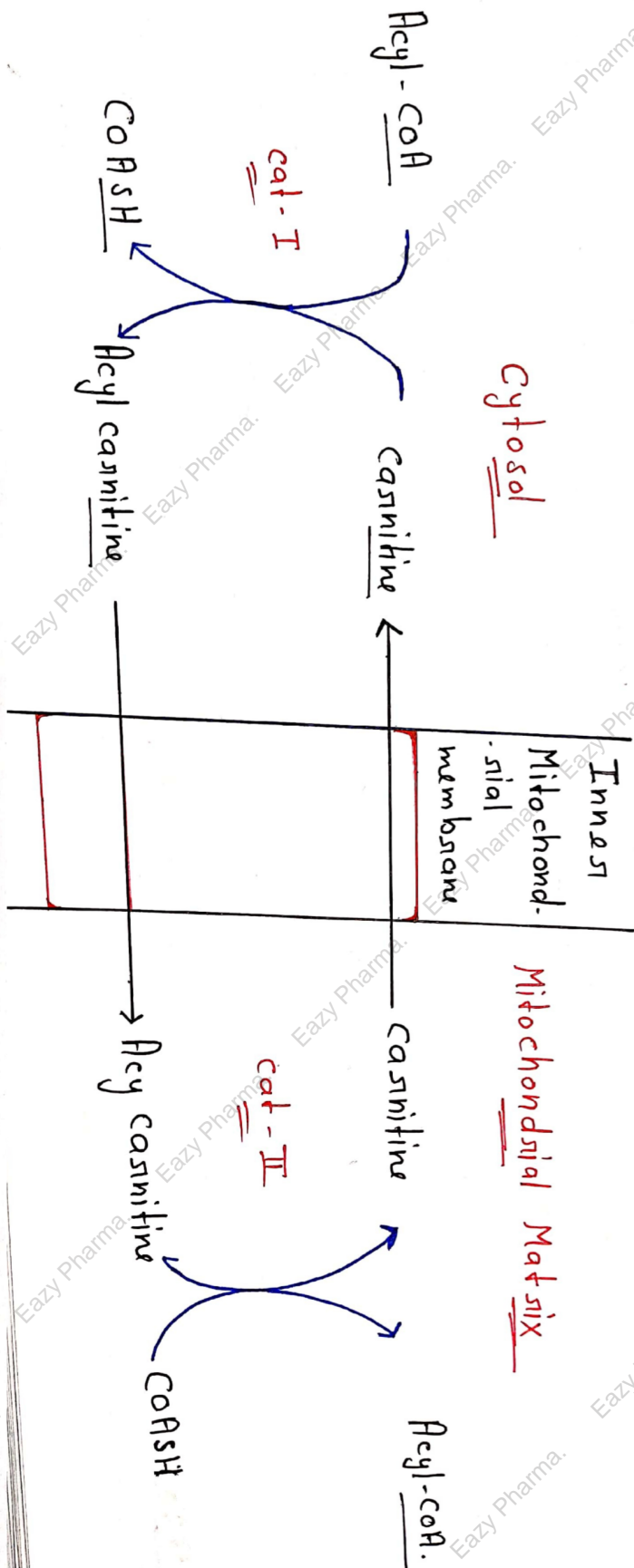


* Transport of Activated fatty acids into mitochondria \rightarrow

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- Specialised carnitine carrier system (carnitine shuttle) for transport of fatty acids in cytosol & mitochondria operates as follows



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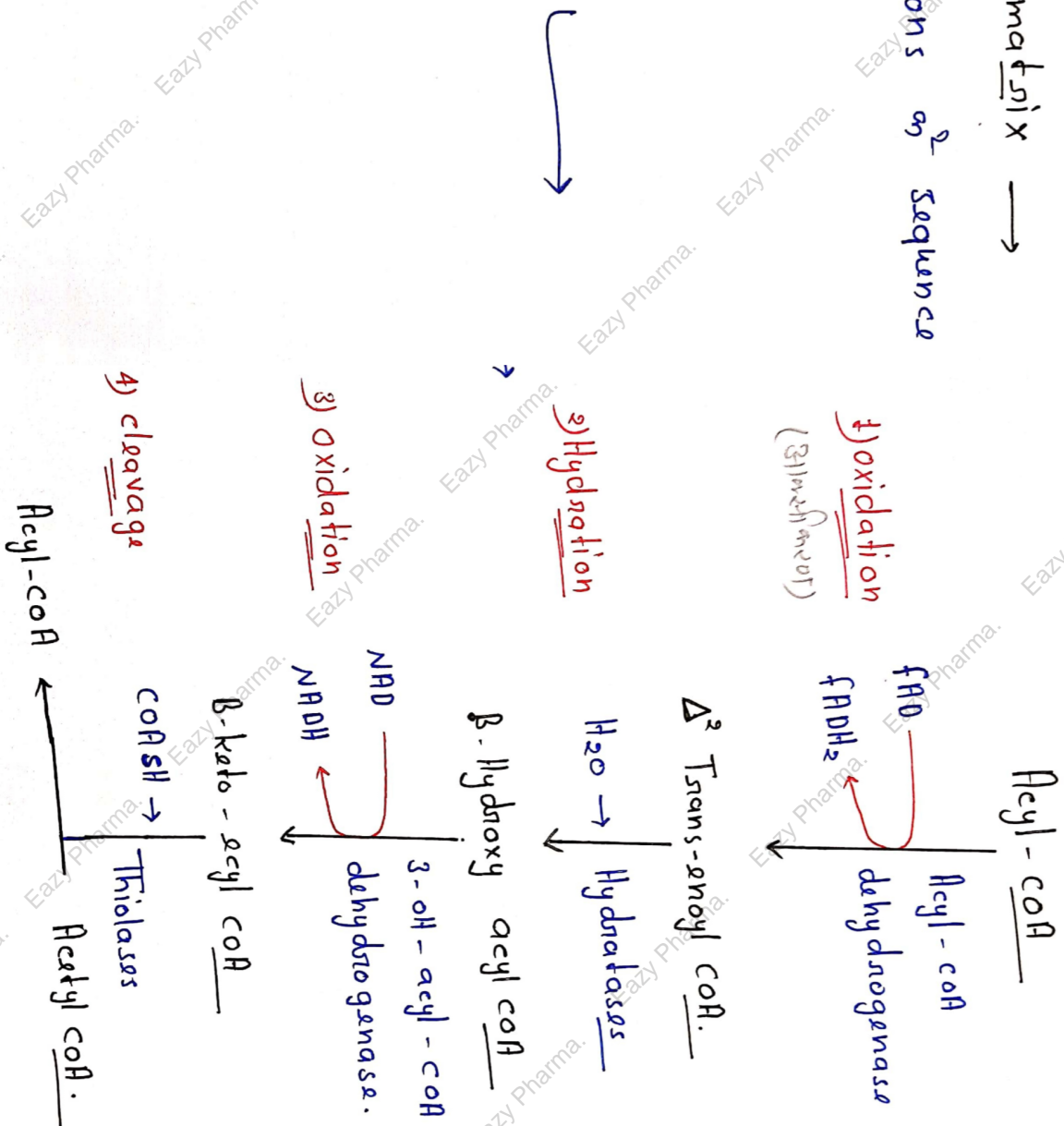
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* Beta-oxidation proper in the mitochondrial matrix →

- n^2 four reactions n^2 sequence
- n^2 e^- e^-



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* Metabolism of ketone bodies →

- ketone bodies on acetone bodies three substances H_2O H^+ OH^-

acid H^+ -

→ Acetoacetic acid.

→ β -hydroxybutyric acid.

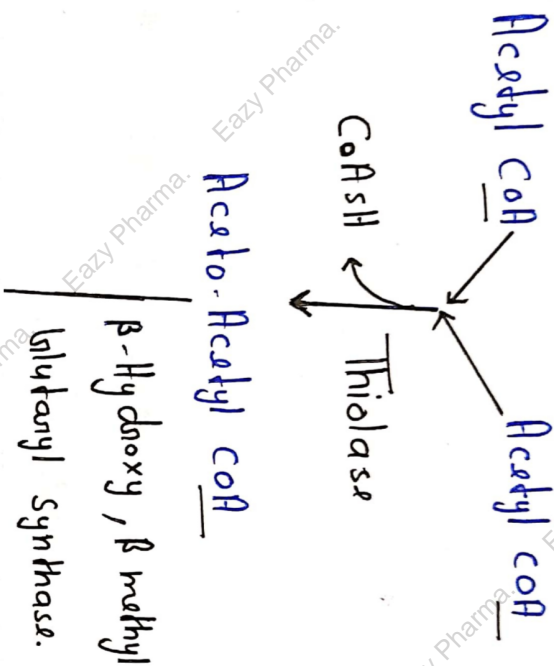
→ Acetone.

- ketone bodies water soluble organic compounds H_2O H^+ OH^- body H^+ generated H_2O H^+ OH^- Under certain metabolic conditions.

* Ketogenesis →

- ketone bodies of formation on of process on of ketogenesis oned H^+

* Pathway →



* Diseases Related to Abnormal metabolism of lipids →

① Ketoacidosis →

- शरीर body में insulin की secretion घटनेसे! शरीर में की ketone bodies build-up की जाती है। जिससे ketoacidosis की जाती है।

* Typhos →

1) Alcoholic ketoacidosis →

- की शरीर Alcohol consumption की शरीर शरीर है।

2) Diabetic ketoacidosis →

- की Type-1-diabetos की शरीर की शरीर है।

3) starvation ketoacidosis →

- की commonly pregnant women की शरीर की शरीर है।

* cause →

- lipids की abnormal Metabolism -sm.

* symptoms →

- Abdomen की pain.
- confusion की शरीर।
- fatigue (कमजोर)

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- Vomiting एीत/
- weight loss एीत/
- etc....

② fatty liver →

* Definition →

- liver मँ fat अत excessive accumulation fatty liver अतैत/ एी/
- mostly cases मँ symptoms तैत/ तैत/ एी/
- मँ liver अतै damage तैत/ अतै/ एी/ एतत- advanced stage मँ एी/

* causes →

- Alcoholism
- diabetes
- Asbisin अत/ side-effects.
- etc....

* symptoms →

- weakness एीत/
- confusion एीत/
- अतैत/ एीत/
- weight loss एीत/
- एत/ मँ अतै/ एीत/
- etc....

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3) Hypercholesterolemia →

* Definition →

- ये एक condition है जिसमें blood में एक-cholesterol का level high है और है।
- cholesterol एक wax-like fatty substance है जो कि body में produced है।

* Symptoms →

- Loose stools होना।
- श्वेत का चोना।
- Heart में pain होना।
- weight gain होना।

- depression.

* Treatment →

- diet में high carbohydrate का avoid करना चाहिए।
- Lifestyle में change करनी।
- Therapeutic agents -

- Lovastatin
- Atorvastatin.
- simvastatin
- etc.

complete

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* causes →

a) Pre-Hepatic Jaundice →

- malaria
- sickle cell anemia.

b) Intra-Hepatic Jaundice →

- viral infections
- liver cancer.

etc....

c) Post-Hepatic Jaundice →

- gall stone
- pancreatic cancer.

etc....

* symptoms →

- weakness एगार/
- diarrhea.
- fever एगार/
- dark urine एगार/

etc....

- yellow eyes एगार/

complete

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Metabolism of Amino Acids
(Proteins)

* Introduction →

- Amino acids metabolism serves and it produces, breakdown and amino acids are used for proteins, enzymes and hormones

* General Reactions of Amino acids and its significance →

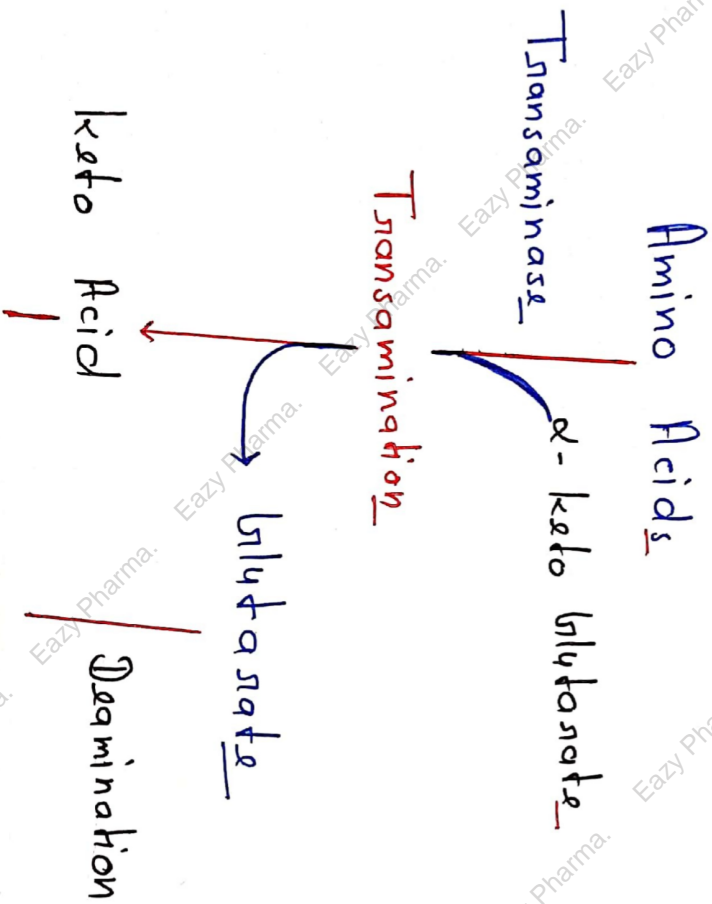
- ① Transamination.
- ② Deamination.
- ③ Decarboxylation.
- ④ Urea cycle.

① Transamination →

- Amino acid group and amino acid are transferred to keto acid

② Deamination →

- Amino acid of amino group and NH_2 are form of removal and deamination and/or α -keto acid \rightarrow
- And ammonia urea synthesis and participates and \rightarrow



③ Decarboxylation \rightarrow

- compounds and CO_2 are removal and decarboxylation and/or \rightarrow

* Reaction \rightarrow

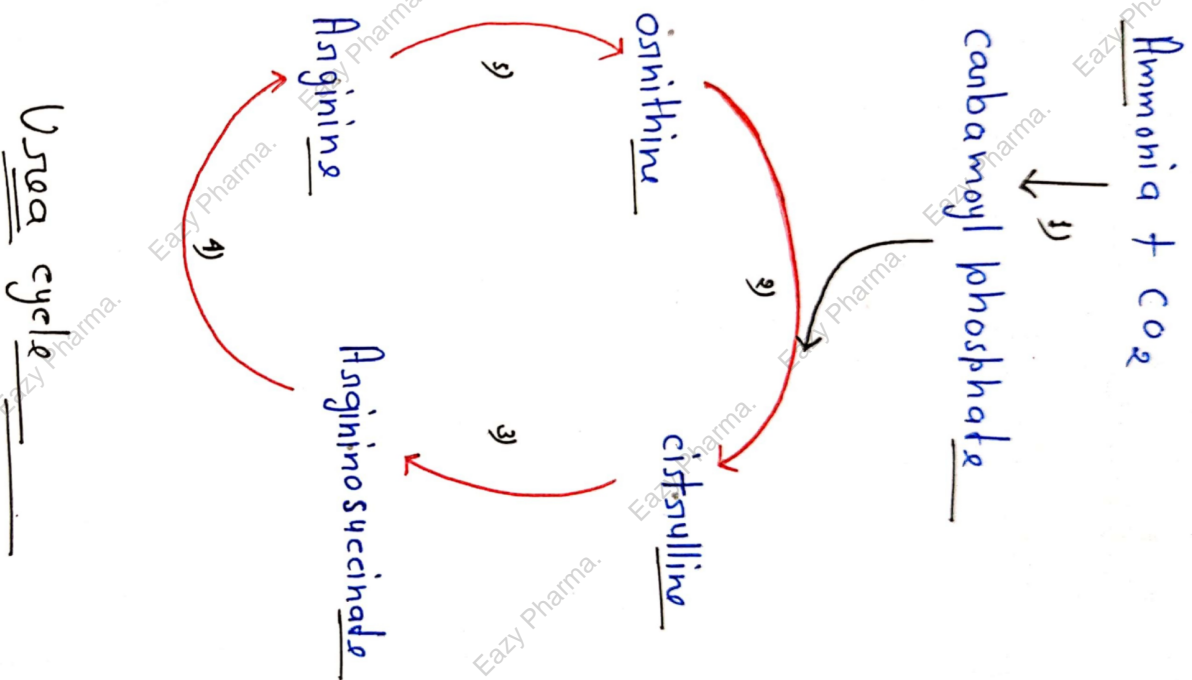
Reaction \rightarrow (catabolic)

Glutamate $\xrightarrow{CO_2}$ GABA

(Gamma Amino butyric acid)

④ Urea cycle →

- Urea, liver में synthesized और 2/3 kidney में transported और 1/3 urine में secreted होता है।
- Ammonia (NH₃) and CO₂ two different sources से derived होते हैं।
- Urea, Amino metabolism का end product होता है।



* Significance of Amino Acids

- metabolism →
- Transamination isn't reversible reaction എന്നു ഇ
- Transamination utilise and is amino acids and energy production and ഇ
- Biogenic amines physiologically and pharmacologically important എന്നു ഇ
- Some function as co-enzymes.
- some important precursors എന്നു ഇ
- is steroid hormones എന്നു ഇ

- Body and proper functioning and is is essential എന്നു ഇ etc.

* Diseases Related to abnormal metabolism of amino acids →

① Albinism →

* Definition →

- Albinism isn't conditions and group എന്നു is is tyrosine and is metabolism of is is is

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- And defective melanin synthesis
विश्व निर्माण है।
- such individuals have little or no colour (pigment) in the skin, hair and eyes.
- * Types →
 - Type - I Albinism,
 - Type - II Albinism.
- * cause →
 - Amino acids are abnormal metabolism.
- * Symptoms →

- Hair, skin and eye are iris is colour are absence
है।
- vision problems है।
है।

② Tyrosinemia →

- * Definition →
 - Tyrosinemia is a hereditary metabolic disorder है।
विश्व body amino acid (tyrosine) are breakdown effectively है।

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* Types →

a) Type - I tyrosinemia.

b) Type - II "

c) Type - III "

* cause →

same

* symptoms →

• Bloody stools गनी /

• fatigue (थका)

• Vomiting एना /

• Red eyes एना /

• seizures गनी /

* Disorders of Ammonia

Metabolism →

① Phenylketonuria →

* Definition →

• It was genetic disorder

एना इ इन्तर् body amino

acids (phenylalanine) or प्रोफे

use करे करे उदि /

* symptoms →

• skin पर nashes एना /

• mental problems एना /

• Hyperactivity एना /

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- Growth में delay होता
 - small head size होता
- etc....

② Alkaptonuria →

* Definition →

- इस black Urine disease में होता है।
- ये disease गंभीर होता है।
- ये रोग- genetic disorder होता है।
जिनसे tissues में Homogenetic acid
accumulated हो जाता है, Homo-ventric-
dioxigenase enzyme में low production
में होता है।

* Symptoms →

- Black spots होता
 - Urine black होता
- etc....

③ Jandice → (पीलापन)

* Definition →

- Jandice, yellow discoloration
होता है sclera, skin and
mucus membrane में
जिनसे blood में खूब-
bilirubin में concentration
increased हो जाता है।

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12) Intra-Hepatic Jaundice →

- viral infections
- liver cancer.
- etc---

13) Post-Hepatic Jaundice →

- gall stone, • pancreatic cancer.
- etc---

* Symptoms →

- weakness
- diarrhoea.
- yellow colour inside the mouth.
- loss of appetite.
- fever
- dark urine.
- yellow eyes.
- etc---

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* Biological oxidation →

- electrons are removed in oxidation and added in reduction
- electrons are added in addition and reduction
- SET reaction is an electron released electron (NADH) is accepted and is not
- And ATP is formation is
- is process living tissues are
- And survival is is necessary

* Electron transport chain →

- electron transport chain is carriers are NADH and FADH₂ are oxygen are electrons are transfer is
- electrons NADH and FADH₂ are derived is and O₂ are combine is energy released and is SET oxidation/ reduction reactions are

* Oxidative Phosphorylation →

- oxidative phosphorylation was efficient method & large amount of energy are synthesising over 92% of ATP are form in mitochondria

Unit = 2

complete

Thank you 😊

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By Dr Firoz khan

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